Exhibit 15

SUPERIOR COURT OF NEW JERSEY CHANCERY DIV. GENERAL EQ. PART BERGEN COUNTY DOCKET NO. C-179-15 A.D. # TAP SYSTEMS, INC., Plaintiff, TRANSCRIPT OF MOTION VS. CONSUMERS MARKETING RESEARCH, Defendant. Place: Bergen County Justice Center 10 Main Street Hackensack, New Jersey 07601 Date: April 22, 2016 BEFORE: HONORABLE ROBERT P. CONTILLO, P.J.Ch. TRANSCRIPT ORDERED BY: TIMOTHY FORD, ESQ. (Einhorn, Harris, Ascher, Barbarito & Frost, PC) APPEARANCES: TIMOTHY J. FORD, ESQ. (Einhorn, Harris, Ascher, Barbarito & Frost, PC) Attorneys for Plaintiff and Third-Party Defendants JAY R. McDANIEL, ESQ. (McDaniel Law, PC) Attorneys for Defendant Bonnie Nelson and Noslen, LLC) FRANK HOLAHAN, ESQ. (Rivker Radler, LLP) Attorney for Defendant Estate of Ginger Nelson

> Transcriber: Patricia Wtulich Phoenix Transcription, LLC 796 Macopin Rd. West Milford, NJ 07480 (862)248~0670

Audio Recorded Recording Opr: Augie LaSala

2 INDEX **PAGE** Colloquy re: Housekeeping......3,11,16,25 MOTION TO DISQUALIFY McDANIEL LAW FIRM: **ARGUMENTS:** BY: THE COURT:

3 (Proceeding commenced at 2:33:47 p.m.) 1 2 THE COURT: Tap Systems, Inc. versus Consumers 3 Marketing Research, C-179-15, appearances, please. MR. FORD: Good afternoon, Your Honor, 4 5 Timothy Ford, Law Firm of Einhorn, Harris, on behalf of the Plaintiff and the Third-Party Defendants. 6 MR. McDANIEL: Good afternoon, Judge. Jay 7 McDaniel from McDaniel, PC, on behalf of Bonnie Nelson 8 9 and Noslen, LLC. MR. HOLAHAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 10 11 behalf of the Estate of Ginger Nelson, Frank Holahan; 12 Rivker Radler. THE COURT: All right, welcome, please be 13 14 This matter is before the Court upon an application for the disqualification of the McDaniel's 15 16 Firm who has entered an appearance on behalf of Bonnie 17 Nelson and Noslen, LLC. 18 So I've received a series of submissions from 19 the parties. I'm prepared to hear the oral argument. 20 I just want to make sure I know the status of representation of Ethnic Technologies, LLC, in my case. 21 22 Does anyone represent that entity in my case? 23 MR. FORD: No, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Is it anticipated that there will be a default entered against them in this case? 25

MR. HOLAHAN: I believe, Your Honor, the Court had maybe administratively defaulted. There was a notice that I think probably was sent quite a number of months ago by the Court.

MR. FORD: You would have received that I would think. Ethnic Technologies, from my perspective, and I think the way that we might all look at it is really a stakeholder. It's typical in a shareholder oppression case that the Court is very familiar with where the entity becomes the object of the dueling owners. And so no appearance has been made in its behalf. Perhaps the administrative notion is you may have received a notice from the court that the complaint as to Ethnic might be dismissed because no action was taken. And I think Ethnic is really a stakeholder with no need, as I see it, for separate independent representation. But someone may have a different view.

MR. McDANIEL: Having -- having had the opportunity recently to review the file. There is -- there is a dismissal for like a prosecution, and Your Honor signed that -- signed an order to that effect.

THE COURT: All right, so we're not going to be going to final judgment against Ethnic Technologies, here; right?

MR. FORD: No.

(Pause in hearing)

THE COURT: What are the claims of the plaintiff against Bonnie Nelson in this case?

MR. FORD: Against Bonnie, Your Honor? Your Honor, Bonnie Nelson is an owner of Consumers Marketing Research along with Noslen, LLC, which she is the sole shareholder of. Bonnie Nelson is also the 50 percent beneficiary of the Estate of Gabrielle Nelson.

So with respect to the claims of Bonnie, Your Honor, it's in her capacity as a shareholder of Consumers Marketing Research and Noslen, both of which own CMR.

THE COURT: Well, we don't typically sue the shareholders of companies that we're suing; right?

MR. FORD: Your Honor, I think the other distinction here is she's not only a shareholder, but she's a 50 percent beneficiary. So, she, in large part is CMR. She will, at least, receive the benefit of the sale of CMR or as -- as Consumers Marketing Research, and the Estate has taken the position, which we, of course disagree, the sale potentially of Ethnic Technologies.

THE COURT: Well, what sort of relief do you want against Bonnie Nelson?





- 14

MR. FORD: Your Honor, I think that the relief is similar to the relief that's sought against CMR. And quite frankly, Your Honor --

THE COURT: Tell me.

MR. FORD: -- discovery is premature, at this point.

THE COURT: Well, it's not premature to tell me what relief you want against Bonnie Nelson.

MR. FORD: Dissolution, Your Honor.

Dissolution of an entity with which she has an ownership interest. They're disputing the dissolution of that entity. Certainly, for at least discovery purposes, we believe that Bonnie Nelson and Noslen, LLC are -- are necessary parties to the litigation.

They have an interest in CMR, which our position is pursuant to the operating agreement that they're not going to purchase or bought out by Tap.

Pursuant to the operating agreement, the 2000 operating agreement the assets and liabilities of Ethnic Technologies, the joint LLC are to be split.

So with that regard, Your Honor, I certainly think that it's something that is not only for discovery purposes relevant to have those two parties in the matter. But she's inextricably intertwined in all of this. You know, there is another matter pending

1 before Judge Toskos.

1.8

THE COURT: If she didn't file a responsive pleading, and you've entered a default, and then you want a default judgment against Bonnie Nelson. What -- what would I be ordering Bonnie Nelson to do?

MR. FORD: I think, Your Honor, you'd be ordering a dissolution.

THE COURT: Oh.

MR. FORD: But I don't -- we would be proceeding for judgment by default until trial in this matter. I don't think that, for example, if there's no appearance made on her behalf, you know, that we would default her, of course. But we wouldn't proceed to final judgment. I think that would need to be determined at the time of trial. A proof hearing would not be sufficient.

And I think also to, you know, foreclose her rights to Ethnic Technologies, it's certainly important for her to be a party.

Your Honor, there's issues that are pled in the complaint. Bonnie Nelson was a -- it was a purported sister, but apparently a cousin of Ginger Nelson. Bonnie Nelson has had some level of involvement. She's certainly -- there was an inter vivos transfer of the interest of CMR.

There's also issues that go back to 6 to 12 months ago, Your Honor, where Bonnie Nelson was looking to sell, you know, she was marketing CMR and/or Ethnic Technologies. She had inappropriately shared the general ledger. Judge Toskos had entered an order precluding her from doing so, requiring her to return

So I think the position taken by Mr. McDaniel that Bonnie Nelson and Noslen are -- they're inappropriate parties in this litigation, I think is disingenuous. And I don't think that that's the case.

it and destroying any copies of the general ledger.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. McDANIEL: May I, Your Honor, on that issue?

THE COURT: Mmm-hmm.

MR. McDANIEL: With all due respect to my adversary, he didn't answer your question. You couldn't enter an order against her today, because the relief sought is entirely speculative.

We understand the principles of corporate governance. The corporate governance is that Bonnie Nelson is a shareholder. She doesn't have any inherent right to participate in litigation involving a company in which -- a limited liability company in which she happens to be a nominal shareholder of one of members.

She's not involved in management. She's not an officer. She's not a director; she's not a member of the litigation control. She doesn't have any role in management of the company.

She received this stock of inter vivos

transfer. And the fact of the matter is, is it really
demonstrates what, I would respectfully suggest that
our litigation tactics are beyond the pale of what's
normally found.

You're right, you don't sue the shareholders, and you don't sue beneficiaries of an estate just because they might some day get some money. There's all kinds -- there's law on the book about that. If there was a distribution made to -- and that's the only -- that's the only possible claim that I can see, is that there seems to an assertion that if there was a distribution, and it was this carved back provision some day was actually effective and she may have gotten money that she wouldn't have otherwise been entitled to.

We don't do that with shareholders. There's the law that says that, you know, if you make a distribution to shareholders and you're insolvent at the time, or it would make you insolvent, than you can get it. But there's all kinds of remedies about that.

sense.

When -- what -- and I will suggest to the Court, you may not have had the benefit of looking at the discovery in this case, but it's -- I got a hundred interrogatories of which maybe five, ten have something to do with the case. The rest of it, what did you do with cars, and what did you get, and what did the other shareholders get. It just -- it doesn't make any

And my -- my position on this as it relates to her, she doesn't belong in the case. If she is in the case, she's a bit player. If she has tried to assert her rights in some respect with regard to the dissolution of the company, she would have no grounds to do that. And they have -- the Estate has a lawyer, a very competent lawyer, that represents the interest of the company.

She has an unliquidated contingent interest in whatever the proceeds may be under -- under a document that was -- that was settled in another case. There was an issue with some documents that she received. There was an action that was filed. I actually had occasion to look at that. There was a consent to return the documents. It never went to a hearing -- I don't even think it got to the return date. She gave back the stuff. She signed an order

that she won't give it to anybody.

You know, I'll talk about the other issues about, you know, whether or not there's actually any body in this case that I have duty to. But I just want to be clear about this that I think that the first fundamental issue here is why is this woman being tortured in this way? She's got to pay her own legal fees. She doesn't have the benefit of the Estate, she doesn't have anybody else. You know she's out-of-pocket a lot of money, and she does not -- nothing that happens with her will effect the outcome of the case.

THE COURT: If she's not in the case, or if she wasn't in the case, is she privy to the Estate documents that are made up, or is she privy tot he documents that are made available to the Estate?

MR. McDANIEL: No.

THE COURT: Why not?

MR. McDANIEL: I mean she's -- she's a beneficiary under the Estate.

THE COURT: How much?

MR. McDANIEL: Well, she gets 50 -- she gets the cars. Ms. Nelson left a number of personality and then there's the company.

THE COURT: Half of the Estate she gets?

MR. McDANIEL: Well, it's a little bit more

complicated than that. There was some personality, and an apartment, other things that got divided up. And then the deal was we'll sell CMR. And when we sell CMR, you'll get the distributions, you'll get that

distributed. So she has that, but I mean --

1.2

THE COURT: But why would a beneficiary be immune from or be precluded from knowing information that was made available to the Estate of which she is a 50 percent beneficiary? How could you not share that with her, if she wanted to see it?

MR. McDANIEL: I think she's entitled to -- I don't do Estate Administration, so I can't really answer that completely. I can tell you that to date she's received her own accountings. She is not privy to the litigation discussions. There was a stakeholders meeting that was awarded in this case. She wasn't invited to it.

You know, I think that my experience has been that there are some general discussions about where is the Estate now. I don't think that she's entitled to -- I don't think there's -- frankly, others would know better than me. I did examine the issue. As a beneficiary you're entitled to -- beneficiary for cash, because it's important to recognize, at least at this juncture, she's -- there's been no distribution of

stock.

Is a beneficiary of cash entitled to know privileged information about the company that's in the Estate, if that's in litigation? I -- I --

THE COURT: Well, there seems, what I'm trying to get to is the concern that was raised first by Mr. Bartner (phonetic), then reiterated by Mr. Ford with respect to the sharing of confidential information, that she would otherwise not have available to her.

MR. McDANIEL: I don't think she's -- I really don't think she's got a right to it. I certainly --

THE COURT: Well, she doesn't have a right under the -- as a nominal shareholder.

MR. McDANIEL: No, absolutely not. The question of whether she has a right as a -- as a beneficiary of the Estate --

THE COURT: I presume she has that right whether she's in the case or out of the case.

MR. McDANIEL: That's true, if she's got it.

I mean --

MR. FORD: Yeah, one thought, we -- Your

Honor did enter very recently a confidentiality order

and stipulation. That it does address whether or not

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

here.

-- I have no interest in trying to give access to another attorney. I'm not -- I don't practice that way. This is not about my trying to get access to privileged information or whatever. She has none now. I don't see that, if there was any given in the future, it would be voluntary. It wouldn't be because -because there's some compulsion on it. And I mean counsel for the Estate can address the issue of whether or not she's received anything.

I mean Tom Howard who put in the certification in this case. I've litigated with him for a decade now. He's a very competent lawyer. He's

not going to be compelled to turn over his files to me, without a Court Order. And I'm not -- that's not what this is about.

I mean the goal here, at least for my client, is to get in an appearance, make my motion to get out of the case, and then go on my way. She engaged me because of the background that I have with some of the parties. I think that if you look at -- you know, I wouldn't have any problem at all entering into some of sort of an agreement, or having the Court fashion an order that would preclude her from getting access to privileged information. I think that's only fair. That's not what this is about.

THE COURT: All right, we've gone afar afield of my initial question to plaintiff's counsel.

So let me hear from plaintiff's counsel, if he wants to supplement his argument.

MR. FORD: Your Honor, I don't really want to take up much more of the Court's time. I mean that I know that the parties have certainly briefed this and lettered this sufficiently for Your Honor.

Your Honor, I think in this circumstance there's a clear concurrent conflict of interest. Not only for one reason. Not only because Mr. McDaniel represents Peter Brownstein in the Federal Court

16 1 Litigation. But because of Peter Brownstein though Mr. McDaniel the representation in various other 3 facets. 4 Your Honor, going back to 2008 or 2009 Mr. 5 McDaniel was purportedly representing Tap. Certainly, 6 preparing resolutions for Tap. 7 THE COURT: What was he representing --8 you're talking in the lawsuit? 9 MR. FORD: No, Your Honor, even prior to 10 that. Pursuant to --THE COURT: But the lawsuit was a derivative 11 12 action; right. 13 MR. FORD: The lawsuit, yes, Your Honor. 14 Prior to that there was meetings with Mr. McDaniel, 15 Tina Lindsay, as is set forth in her certification, and 16 Peter Brownstein. He prepared resolutions for Tap. He 17 called meetings for Tap. And then after that, he filed 18 litigation that clearly states for Peter Brownstein 19 individually and on behalf of Tap. 20 Ultimately, there's no dispute that Tap and 21 Mr. Wilhoit, or is that Tina Lindsay, at that point, 22 said, no, through Mr. Howard. You don't represent Tap here. And -- and ultimately there was a further 23 24 distinction that was drawn. 25 Well, Your Honor in that matter, Mr. McDaniel

had filed a lawsuit against Zack Wilhoit, Tina Lindsay, Ginger Nelson (Bonnie Nelson's cousin or purported sister, whatever she may be). In addition, Your Honor, that matter proceeded, they were adverse. There was no dispute as the adversity as is set forth in Tom Howard's certification.

And now, Mr. McDaniel is representing Peter Brownstein in a Federal Court litigation. He is suing Ethnic Technologies and Tina Lindsay. As the Court knows Ethnic Technologies is owned by Tap, by CMR, and we know, or at least it's purported that two of the benefi -- or excuse me, or two of the shareholders of CMR, Your Honor, are Bonnie Nelson and Noslen, LLC.

Pursuant to RPC 1.7, Your Honor, it doesn't get more clear.

THE COURT: If he gets a recovery in the Federal action, and let's say Tina Lindsay is bankrupt. Who is he collecting as?

MR. FORD: If he gets a recovery, I mean I would presume in the Federal litigation he's suing not only Tina Lindsay, but it's Ethnic Technologies.

THE COURT: Those are the two defendants that I saw. $\label{eq:two_saw} % \begin{array}{c} \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{The court} & \text{Those are the two defendants} \\ \text{Those are the two defe$

MR. FORD: So if Tina Lindsay were bankrupt,

I presume that he's going after Ethnic Technologies.

THE COURT: But if you get a recovery in

25

Federal Court and Tina Lindsay goes bankrupt; where are you going to get your recovery?

MR. McDANIEL: I take -- I take the copyright.

THE COURT: You're not going to get a recovery against Ethnic Technologies?

MR. McDANIEL: I don't see how?

THE COURT: Why -- they're a defendant in the case.

MR. McDANIEL: They were -- they were named as a defendant initially. The case was somewhat different when it was filed. And there was an issue with some other registrations, and it's been up to the Third Circuit, and the Third Circuit's kind of defined it.

I mean --

THE COURT: So --

MR. McDANIEL: -- I hear what you're saying, but --

THE COURT: -- I haven't study, I actually did reviewed it, but I haven't studied the pleadings.

You're suing in Federal Court a company that is co-owned by entities in which the people you now seek to represent have interest. Admittedly not big interest, but interest. That doesn't seem -- on its face doesn't



seem right.

MR. McDANIEL: The issue -- the issue is copyrights like a joint tenancy in an apartment building.

THE COURT: Copyrights like UCC, every time I hear it, my eyes glaze over. Meaning I don't understand it.

MR. McDANIEL: Well, let me take a shot, if I could for just a second.

THE COURT: Mmm-hmm.

MR. McDANIEL: All right? It's -- copywrites is properties, personal property, and the co-authors -- this is a co-authorship. Co-authors have an undivided interest in the whole.

THE COURT: I've read -- I've read your papers.

MR. McDANIEL: Okay. So -- so, but the point is that --

THE COURT: Me, my comment was simply I don't know in terms of the relief you're seeking. What is -- you get a default judgment in the Federal case, what's the relief you get?

MR. McDANIEL: I get an order that Tina Lindsay has to pay me half of everything that she's received.

4 -

24

25

MR. McDANIEL: I have a couple of points that I would just like to make.

THE COURT: So you'll be getting the attorneys fees both ways. From the minority shareholders that you're representing, and also you'll be getting them to pay your attorneys fees in the Federal action.

MR. McDANIEL: Well, there's -- one of the issues in this case. The first thing I would say is that, you know, this notion of who represents Ethnic and -- and you know, if we're going to use the idea that derivative plaintiffs represent the company that they're bringing a derivative claim on them, then the Einhorn Harris case --

THE COURT: I'm passed that -- I'm passed that issue.

MR. McDANIEL: Okay.

THE COURT: I'm here with you suing and seeking recovery in the Federal action against the company in which your present would be clients have an interest. You can't do that.

MR. McDANIEL: So if I represent -- let's say
I had a client who owned shares in PSE&G; right? And
--

THE COURT: And you were suing to bring PSE&G to its knees, break it up in a million pieces. Have it divest --

application. But you're suing in Federal Court and among the relief you are seeking against this, against Ethnic Technologies in which there are two owners, one

24

25

of which your client has an interest in. It's not -it's not so attenuated that -- just don't --

MR. McDANIEL: It's a 3 percent interest on a claim that would be -- and right now it's about \$250,000, so you're talking about six grand, right, seven, eight grand. And its, you know, if it exists, it's a very nominal interest. And I did cite some cases that said there's a kind of a threshold.

THE COURT: Well, you may be -- there may be all kinds of relief you may want against Ethnic

Technologies beside just a money award. You may want
-- you may want to seize assets that Ethnic

Technologies has an interest in to satisfy Mr.

Brownstein.

MR. McDANIEL: I don't think I -- I just don't see how I could. I would -- I would --

THE COURT: It's too incestuous. I mean on its face it just doesn't --

MR. McDANIEL: I mean I would waive, you know, and I'll be -- well, I'm not here to try, I'm very straightforward on these things. The -- the attorneys fees in the only thing that there's a potential claim for.

Part of the issue is that it's a very -- it is a relatively remote occurrence a conflict would

MR. McDANIEL:

25

THE COURT: Among other reasons.

MR. FORD: Your Honor, there are several other matters that are of pressing need. Several of which were raised in correspondence back and forth to the Court with respect to a couple of issues.

THE COURT: Well, don't argue them, just itemize them.

MR. FORD: Your Honor, the items are CMR and the Estates responses to discovery. I sent a letter on March --

THE COURT: All right, we have that issue, and we have the discovery issue here.

MR. FORD: We have the sanctions issue, Your Honor. There is an issue where Mr. Holahan we filed our -- excuse me, we served a Third Party with the subpoena. Mr. Holahan has requested leave to file a motion to quash the subpoena.

THE COURT: Did I give that leave?

MR. HOLAHAN: You have not. You have not addressed it, Your Honor.

MR. FORD: There is an issue, Your Honor, with respect to -- and I assume counsel can work this out, we had noticed Peggy Mead (phonetic) the administrator CTA, her deposition. Counsel for the Estate was unwilling to produce her.

So there are several issues that every time

27 1 we try to make progress, Your Honor, we get bogged 2 down. We send a subpoena for a deposition, for 3 documents. A Motion to Ouash. THE COURT: Well, they're allowed to file a 4 5 Motion to Quash, or they will be. But do you want me 6 to address these matters today, right now, with 7 counsel? 8 MR. FORD: Yes, Your Honor. 9 MR. McDANIEL: Actually, I should, I suppose 10 I'm excused, at this point? 11 THE COURT: I haven't signed the order yet. 12 MR. McDANIEL: Okay. 13 THE COURT: You can be thought, if you want 14 to be? 15 MR. McDANIEL: I don't want to hear anything 16 that's --17 THE COURT: All right, let me talk about the 18 fee -- on the fee thing. Until I get my hands on 19 whether or not there's been a good faith response to 20 the discovery demands, I can't decide whether or not, 21 or when, or what to do about the sanctions that are 22 being imposed. 23 So if in fact there's been a good faith 24 effort to provide the discovery that's available by Ms. 25 Nelson, you know, I'm going scale back the penalties, I

1 11

mean certainly to the day that they were produced and maybe even before that. So I can't really resolve that question today. I can't have a debate about whether they were adequate or inadequate. If they are inadequate, then I'll -- we're going to have to deal with that. We're going to have to deal with that.

MR. FORD: Your Honor, I would submit that this issue has been pending before the Court for a substantial amount of time. The briefs, most recently, while she was represented by counsel, did address this issue.

The position of the plaintiff and third-party defendants is this is just another opportunity to kick the can down the road, to delay the matter. This matter, Your Honor, is scheduled for trial in September. Now we all know that we can't even get off the ground, despite our best efforts to move this case. Because every try to take one step forward, another issue is interjected. And we'll never, discovery will never end in this case, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I've never had such a case in my life. I've never had a case go a day after the discovery end date, as a matter of fact.

MR. FORD: Your Honor, we're past the discovery end date in this matter.

29 1 THE COURT: Well, there you go. So I'm not 2 going to do anything with respect to the now lawyerless, noncompliant, self represented party. 3 4 give you leave to file whatever application you want, 5 vis-a-vis, Bonnie Nelson and Noslen, Inc, on the 6 question of the noncompliance with the discovery 7 obligation. 8 MR. HOLAHAN: Okay. THE COURT: Next? 9 10 MR. FORD: The discovery responses by CMR and 11 the Estate. 12 THE COURT: Have you given them a deficiency 13 letter? 14 MR. FORD: We sent it March 14th and March 15 16th, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: And have you got a response? 17 MR. FORD: Mr. Holahan hinted that he would 18 not respond. He took the position that they deemed 19 their responses to be sufficient. Mr. Oliver has not 20 responded on behalf of CMR. 21 THE COURT: What do you want me to do? 22 MR. FORD: Your Honor, I would -- I would 23 like -- I mean, obviously, I'm not going to -- the 24 Court is not going to enter draconian relief of 25 striking their answer and counterclaim. But I think a

good. Do a due diligence Joseph Castiglia, C-A-S-T-I-

25

31 G-L-I-A. He's across the street here. I think -- I 1 2 mean I don't do Discovery Masters, now I've done two in 3 one week, so I must be getting old. But he's quite 4 good. 5 So I'll, you submit an order Discovery Master 6 -- No, I'll tell you what, I'll do my own order. Do I 7 need the consent of the party that's not here? MR. HOLAHAN: I'm sure, I don't -- I can 8 9 speak for CMR, Your Honor, the Estate, I'm sure that 10 CMR would consent. 11 THE COURT: Okay. So that will get done 12 immediately. 13 MR. FORD: Thank you, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Do you want file a -- I'm sorry, 15 you're done or not done? 16 MR. FORD: Your Honor, I guess the Discovery 17 Master will handle the issue with respect to the 18 depositions, the subpoena of Richard Lane. 19 Just give me one second, Your Honor, I want 20 to be sure. 21 MR. McDANIEL: Will the Master handle the issue of my client as well, or my former client, or 22 23 soon to be former client?

THE COURT: Well, I think she's in a little

different position. Right now she's under the gun of

24

25

32 the Court's Order, so she's going to have to get before 1 2 me proof that she's provided good discovery. I haven't 3 seen it, so. MR. McDANIEL: Would Your Honor like to see 4 5 it? THE COURT: Would I like to see it? 6 7 MR. McDANIEL: I'll send it in. It's 900 8 pages? 9 THE COURT: Do you want to submit that issue to the Discovery Master, whether she's responded in 10 11 good faith in her discovery demands? 12 MR. FORD: Your Honor, would I be able to 13 give that some thought over the weekend? THE COURT: No, not that weekend. It's only 14 15 five after three. Really --16 MR. FORD: Your Honor, I have no problem with 17 the Discovery Master. 18 THE COURT: Let's do it that way, all of it. 19 Good, done. 20 MR. FORD: It's fine. Your Honor, there's 21 just one other issue, I believe, in our application we 22 requested that the Court require that counsel for CMR 23 and the Estate sign certifications, much like was done 24 with Judge Toskos in the matter of the general ledger. 25 To determine what, if any, confidential or privileged

information has been shared with Mr. McDaniel or his clients.

THE COURT: Well, I'm assuming they're going to say none. Why do we think that there was some?

MR. FORD: Your Honor, we believe that in the general ledger that was shared either with Bonnie

Nelson or the general ledger that was provided on a thumb drive to the Estate and CMR, at the stakeholders meeting in early March. There's information that Mr.

McDaniel used in his application with respect to the compensation of an employee at Ethnic Technologies.

The only way they would have had access to this information is through the general ledger.

There's no other way. Any other ways would have been wholly unlawful.

So our position is CMR and the Estate did not object in their application to signing a certification. And there is a real concern considering -- Judge Toskos already entered an order, it was not a consent order, with respect to Bonnie Nelson compelling her to return the general order. Now we have another instance where Bonnie Nelson either used the information from the general ledger she received last year, or when we produced the general ledger to --

THE COURT: I'm not going to order a

35 weekend. 1 2 (Proceeding concluded at 3:08:33 p.m.) 3 CERTIFICATION 4 I, Patricia Wtulich, the assigned transcriber, do 5 hereby certify the foregoing transcript of proceedings 6 7 on CourtSmart, Index No. from 2:33:47 to 3:08:33, is prepared to the best of my ability and in full 8 compliance with the current Transcript Format for 9 10 Judicial Proceedings and is a true and accurate noncompressed transcript of the proceedings, as recorded. 11 12 15/ Patricia Wtulich 13 AD/T 621 14 Patricia Wtulich AOC Number 15 16 17 Phoenix Transcription LLC 05/17/16 18 Agency Name Date 19